

B12006. MARITAL STATUS BY SEX BY LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION - Universe:

POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER
Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Erro
Total:	512,833	+/-1,46
Never married:	160,353	+/-4,928
Male:	94,655	+/-3,262
In labor force:	68,321	+/-3,210
Employed or in Armed Forces	55,059	+/-3,600
Not employed	13,262	+/-1,785
Not in labor force	26,334	+/-2,32
Female:	65,698	+/-2,969
In labor force:	46,704	+/-3,00
Employed or in Armed Forces	40,704	+/-3,00
Not employed	6,187	+/-1,093
Not in labor force	18,994	+/-2,289
Now married (except separated):	266,023	+/-6,488
Male:	133,981	+/-3,600
In labor force:	108,610	+/-2,94
Employed or in Armed Forces	103,509	+/-3,070
Not employed	5,101	+/-1,03
Not in labor force	25,371	+/-1,88
Female:	132,042	+/-3,85
In labor force:	87,544	+/-3,84
Employed or in Armed Forces	83,304	+/-4,02
Not employed	4,240	+/-1,08
Not in labor force	44,498	+/-2,82
Separated:	8,277	+/-1,50
Male:	3,825	+/-95
In labor force:	2,951	+/-87
Employed or in Armed Forces	2,597	+/-74
Not employed	354	+/-74
Not in labor force	874	+/-36
Female:	4,452	+/-1,19
In labor force:	3,446	+/-1,10
Employed or in Armed Forces	3,026	+/-96
Not employed	420	+/-36
Not in labor force	1,006	+/-44
Widowed:	20,329	+/-1,91
Male:	4,273	+/-73
In labor force:	1,140	+/-40
Employed or in Armed Forces	1,029	+/-39
Not employed	111	+/-82
Not in labor force	3,133	+/-69
Female:	16,056	+/-1,65
In labor force:	4,948	+/-1,01
Employed or in Armed Forces	4,351	+/-85
Not employed	597	+/-56
Not in labor force	11,108	+/-1,31
Divorced:	57,851	+/-4,03
Male:	26,322	+/-2,40
In labor force:	20,371	+/-2,20
Employed or in Armed Forces	18,653	+/-2,12
Not employed	1,718	+/-56
Not in labor force	5,951	+/-1,13
Female:	31,529	+/-2,97
In labor force:	23,993	+/-2,43
Employed or in Armed Forces	22,358	+/-2,37
Not employed	1,635	+/-80
Not in labor force	7,536	+/-1,57

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see <a href="Accuracy of the Data">Accuracy of the Data</a>). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic

## Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An "" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

  2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to
- compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

- Interval or upper interval or an open-ended distribution.

  3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

  4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

  5. An '\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

  6. An '\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not
- appropriate.